

Thinking Outside the Pool: **Active Training Image Creation for Relative Attributes**

facebook research

Aron Yu[†] †University of Texas at Austin

Kristen Grauman^{†‡} *Facebook AI Research

Fine-Grained Visual Comparisons



More? Less? Equal?

- o compares images exhibiting subtle visual differences w.r.t. a target attribute
- trains attribute-specific ranking models using pairwise labels



Curation Limit

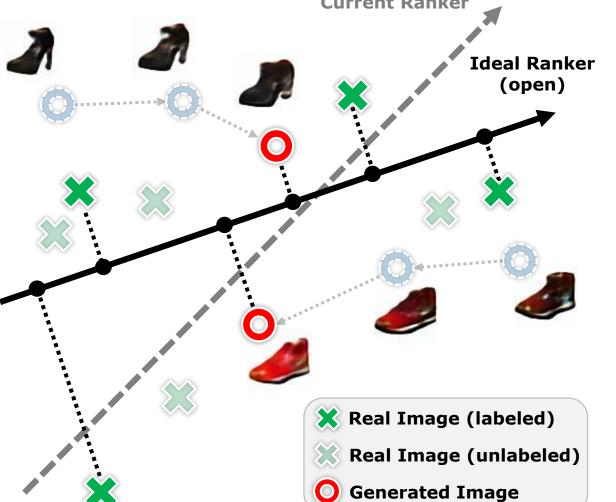
- visual variety and information from web content reach an upper limit
- subtle differences hard to directly curate in large numbers

Pool-Based Active Learning

- suffers from the "streetlight effect"
- o starts with an existing pool of images [Freytag et al. '14, Vijayanarasimhan et al. '14, ...]



Think "Outside the Pool"

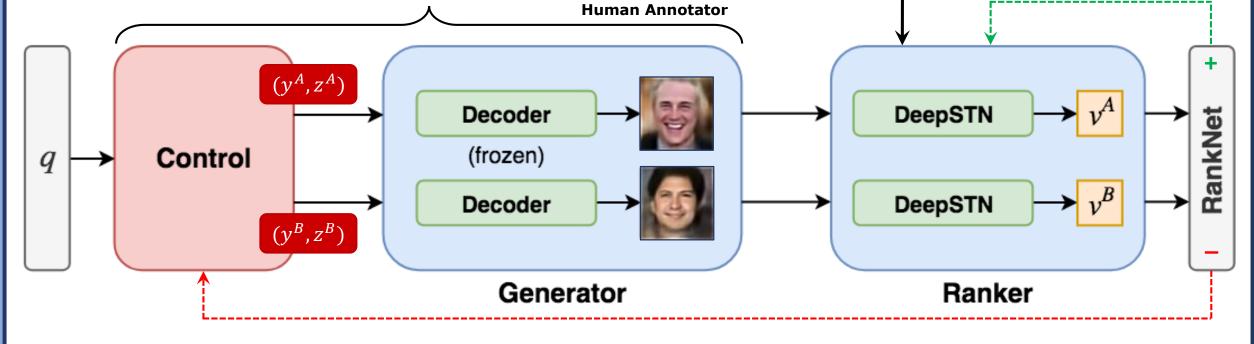


Our Idea

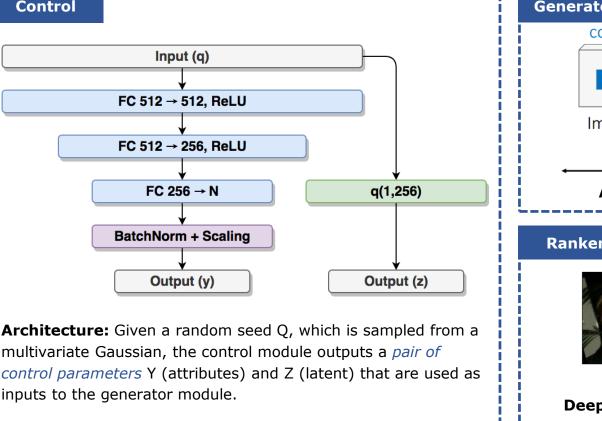
- generate the most ideal training image pairs *directly*
- adversarial learning that allows the model to actively teach itself
- have human annotators label the generated image pairs
- iteratively add to the pool of existing training image pairs

Key Idea: Joint learning of the visual task and training image generation

AcTive Training Image Creation (ATTIC) Real Pairs



End-to-end adversarial learning between Control and Ranker modules



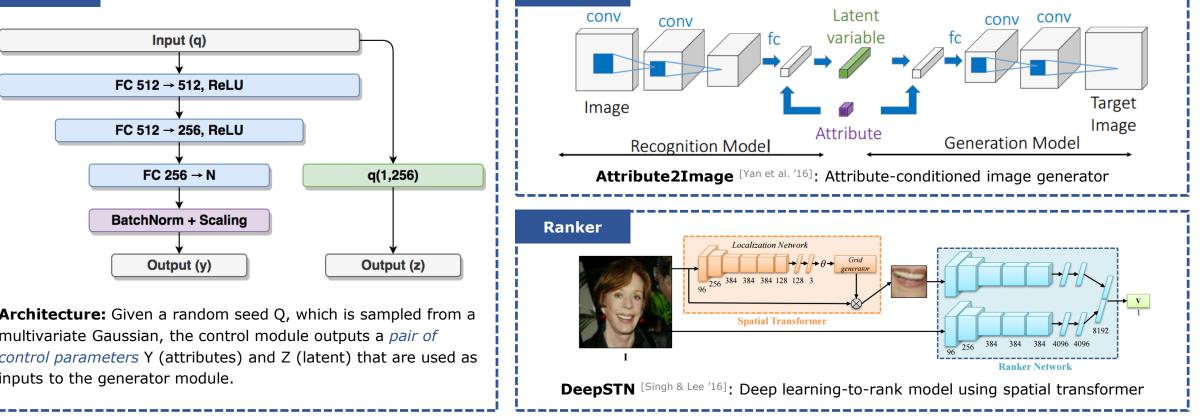
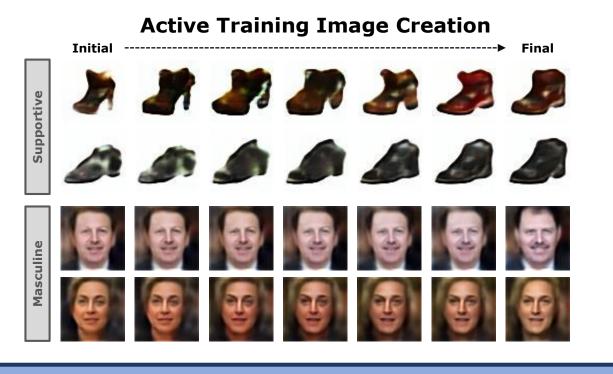


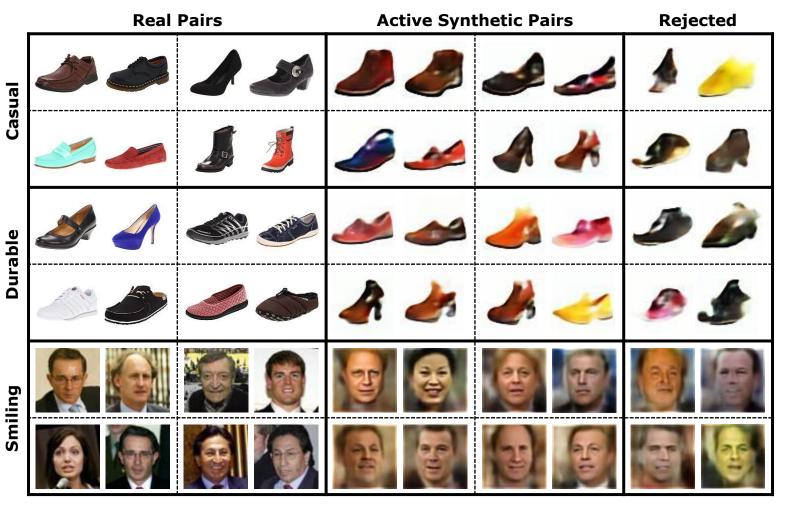
Image Synthesis & Progression

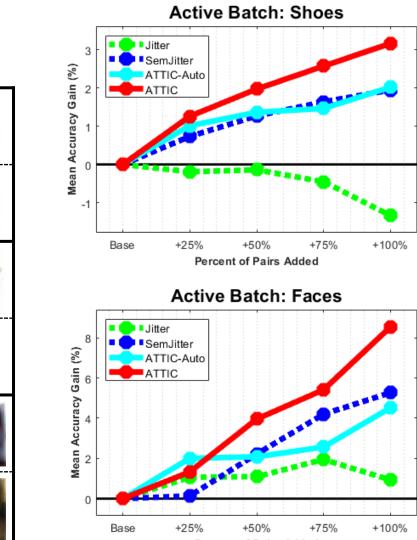




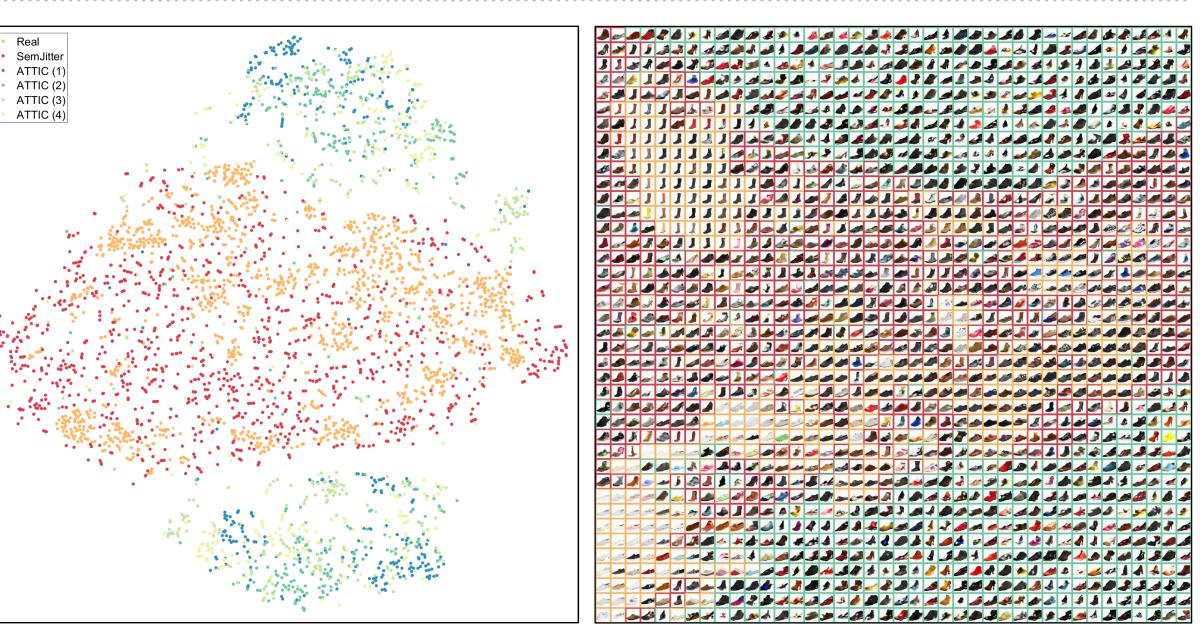
Observation: Whereas prior approach (top) samples synthetic pairs offline in a *passive* manner by adjusting one attribute at a time, our approach (left) actively modifies each pair as a single unit by adjusting multiple attributes simultaneously.

Experimental Results





| | Real | Jitter | SemJitter | ATTIC | SemJitter (Auto) | ATTIC (Auto) |
|-----------------------|-------|--------|-----------|-------|---------------------|-----------------|
| Zappos50K (shoes) | 86.74 | 85.60 | 86.87 | 87.62 | 87.59 | 89.07 |
| LFW/LFW-10 (faces) | 82.30 | 82.99 | 84.81 | 84.99 | 83.73 | 84.59 |



t-SNE Embedding: Densification of the training space through interpolation and extrapolation beyond the real training images.